

Application of S M Nazmuz Sakib's Four Principles of Potential Output in Physiotherapy Across Diverse Medical Disciplines

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Abstract

In the realm of healthcare, it is crucial to embrace integrative frameworks that bring together expertise from various disciplines to ensure comprehensive and patient-centered care. S M Nazmuz Sakib, a researcher and author, has proposed four biopsychosocial principles—pain reduction, muscular relaxation, increased mobility, and limited skin improvements— that offer interdisciplinary significance. This discussion explores the thoughtful incorporation of Sakib's principles into diverse medical fields, such as nursing, mental health, occupational therapy, speech pathology, nutrition, pharmacy, and medicine. The suggested approaches aim to harmonize professional strengths while respecting unique roles within each discipline. To fully realize the integrative potential, there is a need for innovative interprofessional education, rigorous implementation research, and a willingness to embrace humanistic philosophies. It is crucial to develop mitigation strategies for potential risks, including over-medicalization and competency issues. Through collaborative adoption, Sakib's relationship-centered principles have the potential to drive the evolution of healthcare towards more empowering and well-being-centric models. This analysis explores pathways to unlock the interdisciplinary value inherent in Sakib's frameworks, promoting synergistic integration for comprehensive and patient-focused care.

Keywords: Healthcare Integration, Interprofessional Collaboration, Biopsychosocial Model, Patient-Centered Care, Holistic Care, Humanistic Medicine, Sakib's Therapeutic Principles, Pain Management, Mobility, Muscular Relaxation, Skin Integrity and Cross-Disciplinary Frameworks.

1. Introduction

For centuries, physiotherapy has occupied a critical space in healthcare, serving as the frontier for managing pain and restoring physical function. While its effectiveness in alleviating musculoskeletal discomfort is undeniable, contemporary understanding of physiotherapy's therapeutic potential has begun to evolve, embracing a broader spectrum of patient needs and outcomes.



Figure 1: The Great Researcher Behind the Principles, S M Nazmuz Sakib in a Traning Program in NITOR (The National Institute of Traumatology & Orthopaedic Rehabilitation) as a Requirement of the BSPT Degree of University of Dhaka.

Notably, S M Nazmuz Sakib's four principles introduce a compelling framework that redefines the scope of physiotherapy, pushing beyond the confines of simple pain relief and into the realm of holistic well-being. The principles where highly motivated and induced when he was studying in BSc in Physiotherapy program under University of Dhaka while observing general practices and philosophical thoughts of renowned practitioners specially his teacher [1-79].

Traditionally, physiotherapy has predominantly aimed at pain alleviation. While this emphasis is essential, it often offers a limited perspective on the comprehensive capabilities of the discipline. Sakib's framework challenges this narrow viewpoint by presenting four fundamental potential outcomes of physiotherapy pain reduction, muscular relaxation, increased mobility, and, to a lesser extent, improvements in skin conditions. This broader outlook acknowledges that the impact of physiotherapy extends beyond immediate pain relief, aspiring to optimize long-term physical and functional well-being.

The foundational principle of physiotherapy, pain reduction, remains integral to the practice. Physiotherapists employ various techniques to address the root causes of pain, thereby alleviating discomfort and enhancing overall quality of life. However, Sakib stresses the importance of achieving therapeutic success beyond mere symptom management. The second principle, muscular relaxation, underscores

the significance of addressing muscle tension and spasms, common contributors to pain and restricted movement. By promoting relaxation, physiotherapists establish a basis for improved flexibility and pain-free mobility.

Expanding the horizons, Sakib's third principle concentrates on enhancing mobility. This involves not only recovering lost joint range of motion but also improving overall functional movement patterns. Whether it involves restoring gait stability in an elderly patient or enhancing athletic performance in a young athlete, increased mobility empowers individuals to regain independence and actively engage in daily life.

Finally, Sakib acknowledges the potential of physiotherapy for modest improvements in skin conditions. While not the primary focus, physiotherapy interventions can address certain skin issues associated with musculoskeletal issues, such as edema or scar tissue formation. Recognizing these possibilities, and emphasizing collaboration with dermatologists for specialized care, underscores the multifaceted nature of physiotherapy's therapeutic landscape.

Sakib's set of four principles stands as a potent catalyst, prompting a reevaluation of the trajectory of physiotherapy. Moving beyond a singular emphasis on pain relief, this framework advocates for a holistic approach that capitalizes on the diverse capabilities of physiotherapy to enhance overall patient well-being. The subsequent exploration of each principle within this article delves into the mechanisms, therapeutic applications, and limitations associated with each desired outcome. Moreover, it emphasizes the broader implications of Sakib's framework, urging for its seamless integration into physiotherapy education, research, and clinical practice. This critical discourse aims to pave the way for a future where physiotherapy, guided by Sakib's vision, transcends its role as a pain relief specialist to become a holistic partner in optimizing health and well-being.

This introduction lays the foundation for a more in-depth examination of Sakib's principles, inviting readers on a journey through the expansive landscape of physiotherapy's therapeutic potential. It underscores the importance of moving beyond pain relief and sets the stage for a comprehensive exploration of each principle and its implications for the future of physiotherapy practice.

In today's interconnected healthcare landscape, the adoption of collaborative interdisciplinary frameworks is imperative to address complex patient needs comprehensively. Sakib's versatile biopsychosocial model holds significant potential for enhancing integrative care across various medical branches. This extensive discourse investigates strategies for the thoughtful assimilation of Sakib's philosophies into nursing, mental health, occupational therapy, speech pathology, nutrition, pharmacy, and medical paradigms. Proposed approaches aim to combine synergistic expertise for optimized care while respecting the unique priorities of each discipline.

Unlocking the integrative potential of Sakib's principles requires careful consideration of risks, including over-medicalization, role preservation, and "therapeutic trespass." Clearly defining scopes of practice and competencies is imperative, and the adoption process demands resources for training, technology infrastructure, change management, and continuous optimization based on outcome data. Investment in interprofessional leadership and research on implementation frameworks tailored for each discipline is integral for sustainable assimilation. Despite the challenges, strategic integration has the potential to unite professions, providing comprehensive biopsychosocial care that improves therapeutic relationships, patient empowerment, and holistic outcomes.

Ultimately, the widespread incorporation of Sakib's patient-centered principles could instigate a cultural shift toward humanistic, participatory models aligned with contemporary calls for relationship-based care. This comprehensive analysis examines avenues for thoughtfully incorporating Sakib's versatile physiotherapy foundations across diverse medical fields, aiming to stimulate discourse on effective contextualization approaches to fully unlock the cross-disciplinary value of this forward-thinking framework.

Nursing Applications

Holistic Needs Assessment: Integrating Sakib's principles into holistic nursing assessment tools encompassing physical, mental, emotional, social, cultural, and spiritual needs can guide collaborative care planning. Comprehensive evaluative frameworks, incorporating Sakib's emphasis on lived experiences, participation goals, and quality of life markers, allow nurses to identify patient priorities and biopsychosocial barriers to wellbeing, informing collaborative goal-setting and care coordination.

Pain Management

Applying Sakib's pain reduction principles, nurses can develop non-pharmacological, self-care-focused pain relief strategies such as positioning, massage, thermotherapy, relaxation techniques, and movement-based modalities. With appropriate training, nurses can educate patients on self-massage of trigger points, mind-body pain coping skills, pacing to avoid flare-ups, and safe movements to alleviate muscle tension per Sakib's principles, facilitating participation in pain control.

Wound Care

Informing preventive wound and pressure ulcer care by addressing mobility, nutrition, skin integrity, and self-care principles from Sakib's frameworks is crucial. Guiding frequent positional changes, range of motion exercises, pressure redistribution, and proper transfers allows optimizing mobility and skin viability per Sakib's principles to prevent complications. Patient education on prevention is key.

Transitional Care

Design nursing discharge plans and home health services guided by Sakib's emphasis on optimizing functional mobility and community participation. Plans should promote continued therapeutic exercise, safe mobility aid use, home modification, and customized strengthening programs pa-Volume - 2 Issue - 1

tients can perform independently at home guided by Sakib's principles. Follow-up care optimizes sustainable outcomes.

Mental Health Integration

Positive Psychology: Incorporate Sakib's wellbeing-focused principles into strengths-based positive psychology approaches to build self-efficacy and resilience [82, 83]. Identifying and fostering patients' innate capacities, values, and motivations as per Sakib's frameworks promote therapeutic optimism, empowerment, and participation critical in mental healthcare.

Mind-Body Interventions

Teach cognitive behavioral techniques aligned with Sakib's relaxation, movement, and pain reduction paradigms as alternatives to pharmacotherapies. CBT combined with yoga, meditation, and Sakib's controlled breathing and progressive muscle relaxation techniques provide accessible tools for patients to self-manage anxiety, depression, and pain conditions.

Holistic Assessment

Apply Sakib's multifaceted biopsychosocial assessment principles to identify diverse psychosocial, functional, and medical treatment needs beyond isolated symptoms. Carefully assessing patient narratives, roles, relationships, strengths, and participation goals per Sakib's frameworks ensures addressing root determinants of mental health conditions, not just surface manifestations.

Care Coordination

Coordinate integrated nursing, psychotherapy, medication management, and physiotherapy guided by Sakib's principles for optimal mental health outcomes. Leveraging synergistic expertise improves treatment of complex conditions like depression with chronic pain. Sakib's interdisciplinary emphasis enhances care.

Occupational Therapy Integration

Functional Training: Guide occupational therapy functional retraining through simulation of daily living tasks per Sakib's mobility and participation emphasis. Addressing physical, cognitive, visual, communicative, and psychosocial components holistically improves capability and occupational performance per Sakib.

Assistive Equipment

Prescribe assistive devices and home modifications informed by Sakib's principles to maximize accessibility, safety, and community integration. Optimizing fit between patient capability, environment, and desired activities per Sakib's frameworks enhances independence and role fulfillment.

Work Conditioning

Design individualized return to work programs guided by Sakib's objectives of capability enhancement and valued role fulfillment. Incorporate Sakib's pain management and therapeutic exercise principles to address physical and psychosocial factors influencing employability.

Prevention Strategies

Implement fall prevention education and exercise programs grounded in Sakib's risk mitigation principles. Multimodal programs improving strength, balance, joint protection, home safety, and self-efficacy per Sakib's frameworks reduce fall risks and maintain independence.

Speech Pathology Integration

Therapeutic Exercises: Apply Sakib's mobility principles in devising swallowing, vocal, and respiratory muscle training exercises to improve function. Proper positioning, controlled movements, and graded strengthening exercises aligned with Sakib's frameworks address underlying muscle deficits and movement impairments.

Adjunctive Therapies

Combine supportive hands-on modalities like soft tissue mobilization, myofascial release, assisted stretching, and postural correction techniques from Sakib's frameworks as adjuvants for optimizing speech, voice, and swallowing outcomes. Proper positioning and movement facilitation per Sakib's principles enhances function.

Holistic Care

Develop collaborative screening and management practices recognizing Sakib's multidimensional view of health and broad rehabilitation potential. This ensures speech and language pathologists look beyond anatomic structures to address psychosocial and environmental factors influencing communication and swallowing function per Sakib.

Interprofessional Co-Treatment

Provide integrated speech pathology and physiotherapy services leveraging Sakib's principles for enhanced therapeutic outcomes in areas like dysphagia management. Multidisciplinary collaboration on therapeutic exercise, pain management, postural correction, manual therapy, and sensory-motor retraining per Sakib maximizes rehabilitation gains.

Nutrition Integration

Functional Nutrition: Design diets and meal plans improving energy, strength, movement, and participation capabilities guided by Sakib's principles. Optimizing protein, anti-inflammatory nutrients, and vitamins to reduce pain and fatigue allows increased mobility and activity performance per Sakib.

Weight Management

Incorporate Sakib's mobility concepts into weight control plans emphasizing increased physical activity and strength over caloric restriction alone. Encouraging enjoyable movement like yoga and group sports per Sakib's frameworks promotes sustainable participation and psychosocial benefits beyond just weight loss.

Preoperative Optimization

Prepare surgical patients using Sakib's frameworks to improve nutritional status, cardiopulmonary function, mobility, and wound healing. Adequate protein and micronutrient intake facilitate increased endurance, strength, and tissue viability per Sakib's principles to optimize surgical outcomes.

Holistic Education

Apply Sakib's therapeutic education principles to collaboratively empower patients in making sustainable, individualized dietary changes aligned with health goals and preferences. Joint goal-setting and motivational interviewing per Sakib's model results in better adherence than prescriptive plans insensitive to patient values and barriers.

Pharmacy Integration

Collaborative Care Models: Develop pharmacist-led clinics guided by Sakib's principles for holistic chronic disease management through medication optimization, therapeutic exercise, self-care education, and lifestyle modification. Multimodal plans integrating Sakib's frameworks enhance medication adherence and reduce side effects for improved disease control and wellbeing.

Medication Adherence

Improve medication adherence by addressing side effects like fatigue, weakness, pain, and functional impairment using Sakib's multimodal self-care strategies. Guiding lifestyle changes per Sakib's principles reduces medication side effects. Allowing medication adjustment collaboratively when needed is key.

Polypharmacy Reduction

Apply Sakib's principles to critically evaluate medication regimens holistically and deprescribe unnecessary medications compromising function, mobility, or cognition. Reducing inappropriate polypharmacy per Sakib's model improves chronic disease management, function, and quality of life.

Interprofessional Collaboration

Design collaborative medication review and reconciliation processes integrating Sakib's emphasis on eliciting patient priorities and concerns to guide shared-decision making on medication plans. Respecting patient perspectives and values per Sakib's principles results in improved medication adherence and safety.

Medical Integration

Biopsychosocial Assessment: Incorporate Sakib's holistic assessment principles examining lifestyle, relationships, roles, environment, values, and strengths into social and medical history taking. This biopsychosocial approach per Sakib provides a broader understanding of the determinants of health, functioning, and wellbeing beyond just pathology.

Function-Focused Care

Set function-oriented treatment goals guided by Sakib's principles of optimizing mobility, strength, participation in daily activities, and quality of life. This contrasts isolated disease-focused endpoints, capturing wider subjective improvements meaningful to patients' lives.

Shared Decision-Making

Practice collaborative goal-setting and care planning guided by Sakib's principles eliciting patient values, concerns, and priorities. Care guided by mutual decisions per Sakib's model increases satisfaction and adherence compared to paternalistic, prescriptive approaches.

Interdisciplinary Coordination

Develop coordinated clinical pathways applying Sakib's frameworks to integrate nursing, therapy, psychology, pharmacy, nutrition, and community care for comprehensive treatment planning. Sakib's interdisciplinary care principles enhance communication and consistency across disciplines and care settings. While collaboration benefits exist, realizing integrative potential requires addressing risks.

Risk Mitigation Strategies

Over-Medicalization: Avoid reducing Sakib's humanistic principles to rigid, prescriptive "medical" protocols undermining their spirit. Rely on sound shared decision-making.

Role Preservation

Respect professional role boundaries and referral systems. Ensure disciplines work collaboratively within their scope of practice.

Therapeutic Trespass

Do not expand application of Sakib's hands-on modalities like massage or exercise prescription beyond nurses' level of training to avoid potential patient harm.

Competency Development

Invest in specialized training and credentialing to ensure practitioners gain competency before integrating Sakib's techniques independently into practice.

Standardization

Develop evidence-based clinical guidelines delineating safe, appropriate implementation protocols across settings to optimize consistency and outcomes. With careful mitigation planning guided by the above strategies, assimilation of Sakib's principles can occur safely across disciplines for optimal collaborative practice.

Adoption Considerations

Realizing the cross-disciplinary integrative potential of Sakib's principles requires addressing key logistical, cultural and ethical considerations during adoption:

Infrastructure Needs

- Dedicate resources for training programs, materials, and technology support like integrated EHRs.
- Allow providers adequate time for longer biopsychosocial assessments and care coordination discussions per Sakib's model.
- Develop referral networks and communication templates facilitating interdisciplinary collaboration.

Change Management

- Assess organizational culture and readiness to cultivate receptiveness to humanistic care paradigms.
- Identify change champions passionate about holistic care innovation to spearhead efforts.

- Provide interactive on-boarding training highlighting benefits of Sakib's principles to build buy-in.
- Give continuous feedback emphasizing positives of the framework while addressing concerns.

Optimization Cycles

- Monitor a small-scale pilot focused on high-impact principles before organization-wide rollout.
- Continually gather data from diverse stakeholders to refine approaches and identify barriers.
- Maintain flexibility to allow contextual adaptation across unique settings and populations.

Ethics Considerations

- Uphold rigorous informed consent procedures clearly conveying risks of novel techniques.
- Monitor for conflicts of interest arising from financial incentives for framework adoption.
- Confirm adherence to competency standards for safe practice.
- Preserve principles of client autonomy, justice, and privacy.

Attending to these key considerations from the outset enhances the likelihood of thoughtful, sustainable assimilation of Sakib's integrative principles across healthcare fields.

Implications for Interprofessional Education

- For optimal integration into practice, interprofessional educational innovations are imperative:
- Shared curricular modules teaching Sakib's principles across disciplines emphasizing their versatility and collaborative potential.
- Simulated case conferences with students collectively developing comprehensive biopsychosocial care plans incorporating Sakib's frameworks.
- Interactive workshops facilitating dialogue on safe scope integration, professional role boundaries, and competency development.
- Joint student placements co-treating complex patients using Sakib's principles under preceptor supervision.
- Assessments evaluating psychomotor, communication, clinical reasoning, and teamwork skills in applying Sakib's model through collaborative OSCEs.
- Leadership training in change management, people skills, and system-based coordination to champion future adoption efforts.
- Curricula reviewers verifying integration of humanistic values and holistic care principles into all programs.

Further Recommendations Include:

- Interprofessional faculty modeling collaborative application of Sakib's principles.
- Joint grand rounds and conferences highlighting research on Sakib's model adoption.
- Shared office spaces enabling informal interprofessional dialogue and education.
- Peer shadowing and joint patient care rotations.

Fostering interprofessional socialization and competencies from learner stages primes graduates for synergistic collaboration applying Sakib's versatile frameworks for integrated, patient-centered care.

Research Directions

- While theoretical promise exists, research is integral to inform evidence-based adoption of Sakib's principles across disciplines:
- Controlled trials analyzing impacts of principle implementation on health outcomes like pain, function, and quality of life across disciplines.
- Cost-benefit research weighing enhanced outcomes against increased resource utilization.
- Qualitative studies eliciting patient and provider perspectives on acceptability, adoption barriers, and context-specific tailoring needs.
- Ethnographic research examining how Sakib's adoption influences clinical thinking, therapeutic relationships, and communication.
- Population health studies evaluating how assimilation in community settings improves preventive care access, participation, and self-efficacy.
- Health systems research identifying optimal coordination models for biopsychosocial data gathering, shared decision-making, and interdisciplinary care planning.
- Implementation science investigations determining effective change management, onboarding, workflow integration, and optimization strategies.

Ideally, academic health sciences centers would house interprofessional research institutes dedicated to advancing empirical evaluation of Sakib's framework assimilation across care settings and medical fields.

Broader Healthcare Impacts

Assimilating Sakib's humanistic principles across medical disciplines holds promise for catalyzing paradigm shifts on multiple levels:

Clinical Practice Transformation

- From disease-centered to function-focused care.
- From prescriptive to collaborative therapeutic relationships.
- From isolated to coordinated interdisciplinary management.

Philosophical Changes

- From mind-body dualism to biopsychosocial integration.
- From paternalism to patient-centered care.
- From viewing patients as, passive disease vessels to empowered agents directing their care.

Culture Changes

- From mechanistic to humanistic healthcare values.
- From isolated professional silos to synergistic teambased practice.
- From hierarchal physician authority to equity among diverse contributions.

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With thoughtful implementation guided by collaborative leadership, these shifts can propel healthcare delivery models toward unprecedented integration, fulfillment of human potential, and democratization guided by Sakib's visionary principles. This extensive discourse illuminated immense potential avenues for thoughtfully incorporating S M Nazmuz Sakib's versatile physiotherapy principles across diverse medical disciplines. From nursing, mental health and occupational therapy to speech pathology, nutrition and pharmacy, Sakib's relationship-centered frameworks hold cross-cutting value for enhancing biopsychosocial assessment, humanizing interventions, empowering self-care and optimizing coordinated care. Realizing this integrative potential requires interprofessional education innovation, rigorous research on implementation frameworks, and willingness for philosophical shifts valuing holistic wellbeing.

While challenges like risk mitigation must be addressed proactively, Sakib's principles provide a unifying force for progressing healthcare toward more collaborative, patient-empowering paradigms. This analysis aimed to catalyze discourse on effective contextualization approaches allowing professions to collectively unlock the rich potential within Sakib's vision to better meet emerging population needs. With concerted efforts toward thoughtful assimilation, these humanistic principles can help drive the necessary evolution of models ready to transform healthcare in the 21st century and beyond.

Literature Review

Sakib's four principles find validation and echo within the evolving tapestry of physiotherapy research. In physiotherapy, joint mobility refers to the full and pain-free range of motion a joint can undergo. Optimal joint mobility is essential for maintaining physical function, preventing pain, and promoting overall well-being, making it a cornerstone of many physiotherapy interventions, Here's why.

Pain Reduction and Injury Prevention: Limited joint mobility often leads to muscle tightness, stiffness, and imbalances, which can contribute to pain and discomfort. Physiotherapy exercises targeted at improving mobility can lengthen tight muscles, improve joint lubrication, and increase flexibility, thereby reducing pain and preventing further injury

Improved Daily Function and Performance: Adequate joint mobility allows for efficient and pain-free movement, which is crucial for everyday activities like walking, climbing stairs, reaching overhead, and participating in sports and leisure activities. Physiotherapy can help individuals regain lost mobility, enabling them to perform daily tasks with ease and participate in desired activities. Research has shown that improving shoulder mobility in overhead athletes can enhance throwing velocity and performance.

Enhanced Postural Alignment and Balance: Restricted joint mobility can lead to postural imbalances and misalignments, affecting balance and stability. Physiotherapy can address these issues by improving joint ranges and promoting proper positioning, reducing the risk of falls and improving overall balance. Studies have demonstrated that increasing ankle mobility in older adults can significantly improve their balance and gait stability, reducing the risk of falls.

Faster Recovery from Injuries and Surgeries: Following injuries or surgeries, regaining joint mobility is crucial for optimal healing and functional restoration. Physiotherapy interventions focused on mobility exercises can promote tissue healing, reduce scar tissue formation, and restore normal joint function, facilitating faster recovery. For example, research has shown that early mobilization exercises after knee surgery significantly improve knee range of motion and functional outcomes compared to traditional immobilization protocols.

Realizing the full integrative potential of S M Nazmuz Sakib's four biopsychosocial principles requires a nuanced understanding of their conceptual underpinnings, applications across medical disciplines, implementation considerations, and transformational impacts on healthcare delivery frameworks. By examining this extensive landscape, key insights emerge on avenues for thoughtfully assimilating Sakib's holistic philosophy into diverse practice settings.

Conceptual Foundations

Sakib's therapeutic principles have rich conceptual foundations in humanistic medicine theories emphasizing the complex determinants of health beyond just pathology. His model integrates core tenets of patient-centered care, salutogenesis, and biopsychosocial paradigms respecting subjective experiences in shaping care. Exploring these philosophical roots provides context on the paradigm shifts Sakib's model could catalyze.

Patient-Centered Care

Like patient-centered models, Sakib's principles prioritize understanding individuals' lived experiences, values, and definitions of wellbeing in guiding collaborative care. This contrast reductionist paradigms isolating disease processes. Sakib's emphasis on eliciting patient narratives, relationships, participation goals, and quality of life markers reflects foundational patient-centered tenets. His model provides an actionable framework for materializing patient-centered philosophies through research-informed modalities.

Salutogenic Paradigm

Sakib's focus on cultivating capacity and resilience regardless of pathology aligns with Antonovsky's salutogenic model emphasizing factors enabling wellness. Whereas traditional approaches fixate on risk factors, Sakib elicits protective elements like strengths, motivation, and psychosocial assets that can be leveraged therapeutically. His positive psychology-informed techniques resonate with salutogenic theory's health-promoting focus.

Biopsychosocial Model

Most significantly, Sakib's holistic framework embodies Engel's biopsychosocial model integrating biological, psychological, and social dimensions of health. Sakib rejects Cartesian dualism isolating the mind and body. His multifac-Volume - 2 Issue - 1

eted assessment captures the interdependent influences of pathology, behaviors, relationships, roles, environment, and emotional state on wellbeing. Accordingly, Sakib's interventions synergize pharmacological, movement-based, educational, relational and lifestyle modalities reflecting contemporary biopsychosocial care models.

Sakib's Approach

These humanistic conceptual foundations inform Sakib's expanded vision of therapeutic goals encompassing pain relief, normalized movement, health education, capability building, social connectivity, role fulfillment, and heightened quality of life. His principles provide dynamically interconnected avenues for addressing diverse biopsychosocial elements impacting health through relationship-centered care.

Cross-Disciplinary Applications

Sakib's versatile model integrates synergistically across medical specialties, suggesting immense potential for enhancing interprofessional collaboration:

Nursing: The therapeutic relationship-building, motivational enhancement, self-care education, non-pharmacological comfort, and holistic assessment principles within Sakib's framework significantly augment nursing practice. His emphasis on humanizing healthcare while attending simultaneously to embodied, relational, behavioral, and environmental determinants of wellbeing strongly resonates with nursing's expanding focus beyond traditional independent functions. Thoughtfully assimilated, Sakib's principles could elevate nursing's care coordination, transitional care, patient empowerment and interdisciplinary partnership capabilities for more integrated delivery.

Mental Healthcare

Sakib's psychosocial awareness principles enhancing assessment of stressors, roles, relationships, and environmental influences substantially expand the biopsychosocial orientation of mental health treatment. His positive psychology techniques align closely with strengths-based counseling approaches. Integrating Sakib's relaxation protocols and movement access supports mental healthcare's increasing emphasis on mind-body modalities as alternatives or adjuvants to medications. Applying his collaborative therapeutic relationship model meaningfully augments the therapeutic alliance. Thus, Sakib's framework significantly enhances person-centered, holistic mental healthcare delivery.

Rehabilitation Therapy

The mobility optimization, self-care training, capability development and function restoration principles of Sakib's model directly complement goals of occupational and physical therapy. His emphasis on environment modification, adaptive equipment, caregiver education, and tailored strengthening programs support safe transitions home and sustained participation. Sakib also highlights the need to address pain, fatigue, weakness and mobility barriers reducing compliance with regimens. Thoughtful integration enriches rehabilitation's capacity to enable valued daily living.

Speech-Language Pathology

Sakib's controlled movement progressions and posture principles provide adjuvant strategies to enhance speech, language and swallowing function alongside direct communication interventions. His pain relief emphasis also expands management of traumatic neuromuscular injuries affecting voice and swallowing. Sakib's functional training approach focused on capability application complements speech pathology's expanding participation-oriented treatment models. Thus, assimilating his techniques meaningfully augments therapeutic outcomes for individuals with communication disorders.

Nutrition

Dietary recommendations traditionally focus on nutrients and lab values, often neglecting impacts on mobility, energy, fatigue, and resulting lived restrictions. Sakib's frameworks encourage developing nutritional plans collaboratively addressing lifestyle factors affecting participation and quality of life. His principles allow integrating nutrition with movement-promoting, psychosocially sensitive care coordinated across disciplines for optimal wellbeing. This resonates with emerging functional, personalized nutrition paradigms.

Pharmacy

Sakib's emphasis on collaboratively tailoring care to enhance adherence, minimize medication side effects, and reduce polypharmacy burdens aligns with pharmacy's expanding direct patient care roles. His biopsychosocial orientation enriches assessment of medication experiences identifying barriers like access, beliefs, and functional impairments compromising optimal use. Sakib's principles support pharmacist-led clinics blending medicines, lifestyle counseling, health coaching, and movement-based self-care for whole person care. This advances interprofessional coordinated practice.

Medicine

Progressively, Sakib's model offers medicine pathways for actualizing long-espoused biopsychosocial paradigms that remain elusively distant from daily practice. His comprehensive assessment principles foster richer insights into lived experiences beyond labs and images. Focusing on tailored lifestyle changes, self-care skills, and collaborative goal setting provides more tangible avenues to activate patients. Sakib's coordinated interdisciplinary care emphasis also facilitates enacting integrated care models. As evidenced, Sakib's innovative frameworks integrate synergistically across the healthcare spectrum, suggesting immense potential for elevating collaborative practice excellence grounded in biopsychosocial philosophies.

Adoption Considerations

While benefits exist, thoughtfully translating the integrative potential of Sakib's principles into impactful practice transformation necessitates navigating myriad logistical, cultural, ethical and contextual complexities.

Infrastructure Needs

Operationalizing Sakib's comprehensive model requires dedicating resources for training, materials, technology infrastructure and potential additional staff like integrative health coaches. Scheduling accommodations allowing more time for biopsychosocial assessments and care coordination discussions are essential. Referral network development and templates facilitating interprofessional communication also facilitate adoption.

Change Management

Cultivating organizational cultural readiness is critical to foster receptiveness to humanistic philosophies which may challenge biomedically-reductionist paradigms. Identifying and empowering change champions passionate about pursuing holistic care innovation can help spearhead adoption efforts through team leadership. Providing interactive on-boarding training for staff highlighting benefits of Sakib's principles paired with ongoing feedback emphasizing positives while addressing concerns and barriers promotes sustainable buy-in.

Optimization Cycles

Following small-scale pilot testing focused on the highest impact principles, continual data gathering from diverse stakeholders informs iterative optimization allowing contextual adaptation of implementation protocols across unique settings, populations and professions. Maintaining flexibility balanced with appropriate standardization is imperative for responsively shaping assimilation based on outcomes.

Ethics Rigor

Upholding rigorous informed consent procedures clearly conveying any risks of novel techniques is essential to preserve patient autonomy. Monitoring for conflicts of interest arising from financial incentives for framework adoption is necessary along with confirmations of practitioner adherence to validated competency standards for safe practice. Preserving principles of client privacy and access equity are also imperative during integration processes.

Stakeholder Engagement

User-centered design practices fully engaging patients, clinicians and support staff through focus groups, interviews and surveys provide invaluable insights guiding contextually-appropriate adoption approaches. Stakeholder involvement ensures protocols align with values, build on strengths, and address barriers early on. This enhances buy-in and fit.

With conscientious navigation of these key considerations, thoughtfully designed and ethically rigorous implementation strategies can optimize chances of successfully translating the richness of Sakib's integrative principles into impactful clinical transformation. But this hinges on flexible, responsive learning processes embracing the complexities of adaptation.

Impacts on Therapeutic Relationships

A particularly profound potential impact of assimilating Sakib's frameworks across medical disciplines is enhanced

therapeutic relationship development and care partnership. Focusing holistically on the patient as a multidimensional person with unique lived experiences, priorities and values (not merely a pathology vessel) cultivates profound empathy, trust and rapport. This facilitates meaningful therapeutic bonds. Patients feel recognized, understood and cared for as whole human beings.

Collaboratively tailoring interventions to each patient's lifestyle, preferences and access considerations fosters agency and shared-decision making. Patients become active partners directing their care. This therapeutic alliance also improves adherence and sustainability of positive changes. Multidirectional interprofessional coordination engendered by Sakib's model nurtures continuity and consistency across disciplines. This conveys to patients that their care team is synchronized and attentive to their needs. Relationships with caregivers and family members are also enriched by holistic consideration of social contexts and educational needs emphasized in Sakib's frameworks. This ensures optimal support systems.

Furthermore, the interpersonal skills development woven through communication, counseling, motivational interviewing, and coaching techniques integral to Sakib's approach enhances clinicians' relational capacities exponentially. Ultimately, the breath of impacts attainable highlights Sakib's therapeutic principles as seminal catalysts for long-overdue relationships-focused reform in health service delivery. The depths of healing possible through human connectedness and understanding cannot be overstated.

Impacts on Interprofessional Collaboration

Sakib's emphasis on both comprehensively addressing diverse health determinants and the contributions of various disciplines in this process significantly enriches interprofessional collaborative practice capabilities. On an individual patient level, assimilation of Sakib's frameworks promotes integrated assessment, goal-setting, care planning and coordination across professionals to treat the whole person. This moves beyond isolated, disjointed management.

Organizationally, his principles support developing interprofessional coordination mechanisms like centralized intake hubs, embedded care managers, and unified electronic records. Shared training and case conferences also unite disciplines. Philosophically, Sakib's model fosters valuing equity among diverse expertise like nursing, therapy, pharmacy and social work as equally vital for optimizing outcomes. This mitigates traditionally physician-dominated hierarchies.

Practically, his collaborative competencies development emphasis trains clinicians in the communication, teamwork, leadership, change management and systems thinking skills imperative for seamless coordinated practice. For successful adoption, protected time allowance and reimbursement changes supporting interprofessional collaboration are critical needs requiring advocacy. But the dividend on investment of improved continuity, access, patient-centeredness and efficiency confirms Sakib's vision as an idea whose time has arrived.

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Impacts on Health Outcomes

While rigorous research is still needed, assimilation of Sakib's therapeutic frameworks shows immense potential for optimizing a diversity of health outcomes.

Through pain reduction strategies, individuals may decrease medication dependence and side effects, improve function, and reclaim occupational, social and recreational roles compromised by discomfort.

Enhanced mobility facilitates independence in self-care, household activities, community navigation and participation in desired vocational or leisure pursuits enriched by Sakib's techniques. Increased muscular relaxation abilities allow individuals to manage stress, sleep better, prevent injuries, and complete desired activities with greater efficiency. Even subtle skin improvements engender substantial quality of life impacts by reducing complications of scarring, burns and wounds which restrict capabilities.

Holistic wellbeing is enhanced through improved coping, adaptive skills, treatment adherence, care coordination, social connectivity, and collaborative goal achievement guided by Sakib's model. At the public health level, Sakib's community-based participation-promoting strategies support chronic disease prevention, empowered self-management, and reduced healthcare utilization costs indicating value across individual and collective levels. Integrated person-centered frameworks optimized by assimilating Sakib's principles foster a breadth of positive medical, functional, psychosocial and participatory outcomes potentially transforming lives.

Impacts on Healthcare Delivery Models

At the systems level, widespread adoption of Sakib's humanistic, collaborative, empowerment-focused principles hold potential for catalyzing profound evolution in

Healthcare Delivery Models Including: Team-Based Integrated Care Multidisciplinary collaboration improves efficiency, continuity, access, patient-centeredness, and value through optimized coordination. Decentralized Access Points Assimilating Sakib's model expands opportunities for diverse care settings including community health centers, schools, pharmacies, homes, and virtual platforms. Empowering Self-Care Sakib's self-management education principles significantly augment individuals' abilities to direct health promotion actively between professional visits.

Relationships-Focused Care Human connections and therapeutic partnerships become the nexus of treatment instead of isolated interventions. Personalized Care Care customization centered on patient goals, values and meanings guides management instead of prescriptive, population-generalized approaches. Capability-Enabling Model The focus expands from correcting pathologies to enhancing strengths and participation in meaningful activities. Process-Based Definitions of Success

Health is redefined from absence of disease to optimal quality of life, role fulfillment and subjective wellbeing. Through these impacts, Sakib's transformative principles harbor catalytic potential to propel healthcare cultures, processes and structures toward more collaborative, personalized and democratized models optimizing human flourishing.

Research Directions

While theoretical promise exists, rigorous empirical research is essential to inform evidence-based, ethical adoption of Sakib's integrative principles into diverse health disciplines. Suggested high-impact areas for investigation include:

- Controlled trials analyzing impacts of principle implementation on health outcomes like pain, mobility, depression, functional status, and multidimensional quality of life across disciplines.
- Cost-effectiveness analyses weighing enhanced outcomes against increased resource utilization and technology needs.
- In-depth case studies illustrating real-life clinical application of Sakib's model across settings and specialties.
- Ethnographies examining how adopting Sakib's principles influences clinician thinking, therapeutic relationships, communication approaches, and clinic cultures.
- Qualitative studies eliciting patient and provider perspectives on acceptability, adoption barriers, context-specific tailoring, and long-term sustainability.
- Population health studies evaluating how model assimilation in community-based settings improves preventive care access, participation, and self-efficacy.
- Health systems research identifying optimal coordination frameworks for biopsychosocial data gathering, shared decision-making, and interdisciplinary integrated care planning.
- Implementation science inquiries determining effective change management, workflow integration, optimization cycles, and responsible assimilation strategies sensitive to risks.

Ideally, academic health sciences centers could house dedicated interprofessional institutes focused on comprehensively advancing Sakib's framework through pragmatic, collaborative research embedded in clinical environments. Generating rigorous evidence is critical to inform translation of Sakib's philosophy into sustainable practice transformation benefitting diverse stakeholders.

2. Result

Based on the discussion, which is a literature review of S M Nazmuz Sakib's four principles of the outcome of physiotherapy, here are the key points:

- Sakib's four principles are: pain reduction, muscular relaxation, increased mobility, and limited skin improvements. These were highly motivated when Sakib was studying physiotherapy and observing practices of renowned practitioners.
- The principles align with research showing benefits of joint mobility for pain relief, improved function, enhanced balance and postural stability, and faster recovery after injuries/surgeries. Studies demonstrate mobility improvements in shoulder, ankle and knee joints

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enhancing performance, balance and postsurgical outcomes.

- The principles have foundations in conceptual models like patient-centered care, salutogenesis paradigm and biopsychosocial model. Sakib's holistic approach integrates these philosophies.
- There is potential for integrating the principles across medical disciplines like nursing, mental health, rehabilitation therapy, speech pathology, nutrition, pharmacy and medicine. The principles resonate with evolving paradigms in these fields.
- Adoption requires infrastructure, change management, optimization cycles, ethics rigor and stakeholder engagement. Impacts on therapeutic relationships, interprofessional collaboration, health outcomes and health-care delivery models seem promising.
- More empirical research is needed via controlled trials, cost analyses, ethnographies, qualitative studies, population health studies, health systems research and implementation science inquiries. Dedicated interprofessional research institutes could comprehensively advance framework assimilation and translation.

Sakib's principles show promise for catalyzing evolution toward more humanistic, empowering, collaborative and personalized care models optimizing holistic wellbeing. Realization depends on thoughtful, flexible innovation embracing complexity.

3. Conclusion

This extensive literature analysis reveals the expansive, yet nuanced landscape involved in thoughtfully assimilating S M Nazmuz Sakib's four biopsychosocial principles into diverse medical disciplines. Examining the philosophical roots, versatile care applications, implementation complexities, adoption prerequisites and transformative potentials provides crucial conceptual grounding and practice-directed insights to guide integration processes. While research is still needed, Sakib's relationship-focused principles hold immense promise for catalyzing healthcare evolution toward more humanistic, empowering, collaborative and personalized care models optimizing holistic wellbeing across populations. But realization of this potential necessitates flexible, context-sensitive innovation guided by the unwavering vision that healthcare, at its heart, is fundamentally about human connections. By skillfully navigating inevitable complexities, Sakib's framework may help steer healthcare into a new era integrating science and relationship to profoundly heal and uplift humanity.

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