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Case Report

Figure of 8 CSME

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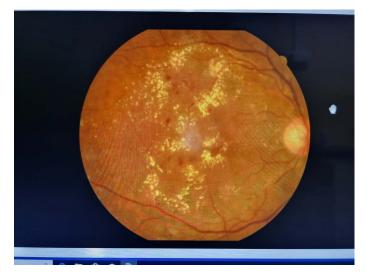
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CASE

A 45-year-old female visited our hospital for diminution of vision in both her eyes for the past two months. She was a known case of Type-2 Diabetes Mellitus. There was no other significant history. Her visual equity was 6/60 in the right eye and 6/24 in the left eye. Bilateral fundus examination revealed severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy with clinically significant macular edema (CSME). The CSME in the right eye was typically resembling 'figure of 8' (Figure 1 and 1a), which is quite a rare sight. Rest of the ocular examination was within normal limits. The patient was started on treatment for diabetic retinopathy as per protocol.



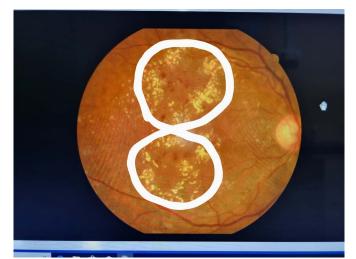


Figure 1and 1a

CSME is defined as one or more of the following: retinal thickening at or within 500µm of the centre of the macula; hard exudates at or within 500µm of the centre of the macula, if associated with adjacent retinal thickening; or a zone or zones of retinal thickening one-disc area in size, at least part of which is within one-disc diameter of the centre of the macula [01]. Treatment modalities include metabolic control, treatment of risk factors, intravitreal injections of anti-vascular endothelial growth factors/steroids, laser photocoagulation etc according to the site and severity of the disease [02].

References

- 1. Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study Research Group. (1985). Photocoagulation for diabetic macular edema. Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study report number 1. Arch ophthalmol, 103, 1796-1806.
- 2. Kulkarni, A. D., Ip, M. S. (2012). Diabetic macular edema: therapeutic options. Diabetes Therapy, 3, 1-14.